6

6. TRANSMISSION CONTROLLED SPARK (TCS) SYSTEM

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6. TRANSMISSION CONTROLLED SPARK (TCS) SYSTEM

DESCRIPTION

The TCS controls the vacuum ignition timing in accordance with the coolant temperature, vehicle speed, and catalytic converter temperature (4M only) for the purpose of minimizing the generation of NOx (nitrogen oxides) and HC (hydrocarbon).

The method of control differs with the engine family as follows:

Engine Family	Method						
2T-C (for California only)	Vacuum advance cut						
20R	Vacuum advance bleed						
4M (Except for California)	Vacuum advance cut						
4M (For California only)	Vacuum advance cut + vacuum retard						
2F	Vacuum retard						

OPERATION

1. TCS operation (2T-C engine for California only)

["ON" condition]

- When the vehicle speed and coolant temperature reach the "ON" range, the computer turns the VSV "ON".
- Turning "ON" the VSV causes the vacuum circuit between the distributor diaphragm and carburetor advancer port to close, and at the same time, allows the atmosphere to act on the distributor diaphragm.
- O The diaphragm is returned by spring tension so that there is no vacuum advance (vacuum advance cut).

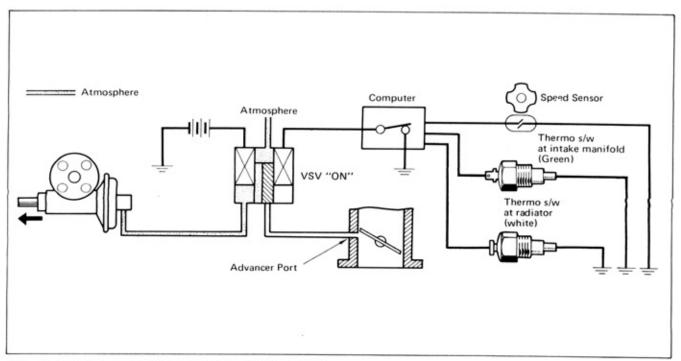


Fig. 6-1 TCS System Operation ("ON" Condition)

["OFF" condition]

- When the vehicle speed and/or the coolant temperature enters in the "OFF" range, the computer turns "OFF" the VSV.
- Turning "OFF" the VSV causes the passage between the distributor diaphragm and atmosphere to close, and the vacuum passage between the diaphragm and carburetor advancer port to open.
- If at this condition, the throttle valve is opened so that the intake manifold vacuum acts on the advancer port, the vacuum will also act on the distributor diaphragm for normal vacuum advance action.

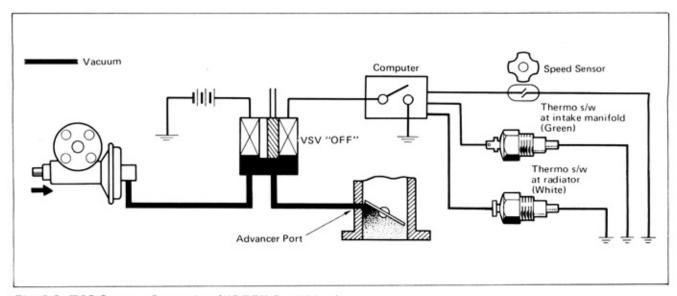


Fig. 6-2 TCS System Operation ("OFF" Condition)

2. TCS Operation (20R engine only)

["OFF" condition (1)]

At coolant temperature below 122°F, the thermostatic vacuum switching valve (TVSV) will be "OFF" so that the vacuum from the advancer port will act on the distributor diaphragm and perform normal vacuum advance action, regardless of whether the VSV is "ON" or "OFF".

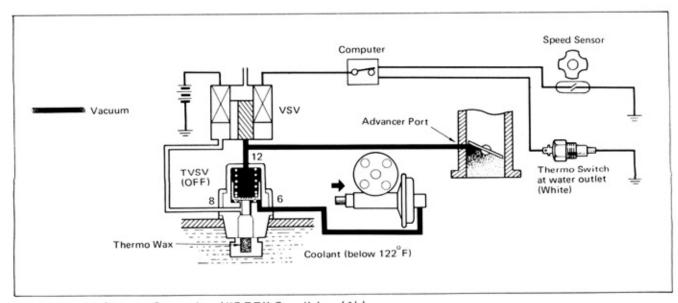


Fig. 6-3 TCS System Operation ("OFF" Condition (1))

["OFF" condition (2)]

- When coolant temperature rises above 122°F, the thermo wax expands and pushes up the valve, so that the TVSV will be "ON".
- o If the vehicle speed and/or coolant temperature are in the "OFF" range, the VSV will turn "OFF"
- Turning "OFF" the VSV causes the bleeding by the atmosphere to shut off. Therefore, the vacuum from the advancer port acts on the distributor diaphragm and the system will be in normal advance condition.

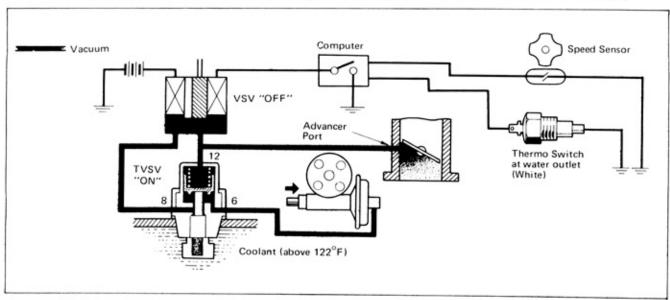


Fig. 6-4 TCS System Operation ("OFF" Condition (2))

["ON" condition]

- O If under this condition, the vehicle speed and coolant temperature are in the "ON" range, the VSV will turn "ON".
- Turning "ON" the VSV causes the atmosphere from the canister to act on the distributor diaphragm. Thus, the vacuum advance will fail to advance by the amount bled by the atmosphere.

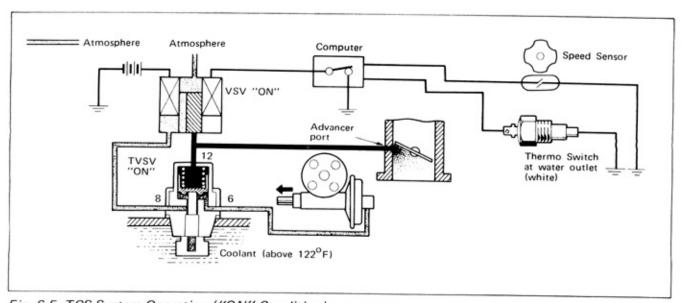


Fig. 6-5 TCS System Operation ("ON" Condition)

3. TCS system operation (4M engine only)

["ON" condition]

- When the vehicle speed, coolant temperature, and catalytic converter temperature are in the "ON" range, the computer turns the VSV "ON"
- Turning "ON" the VSV causes the atmosphere to act on the advance side of the distributor diaphragm and to cut off the vacuum advance,
- In addition to the above, in the engines for California, the intake manifold vacuum acts on the retard side of the distributor diaphragm, resulting in a vacuum advance cut and a vacuum retard.

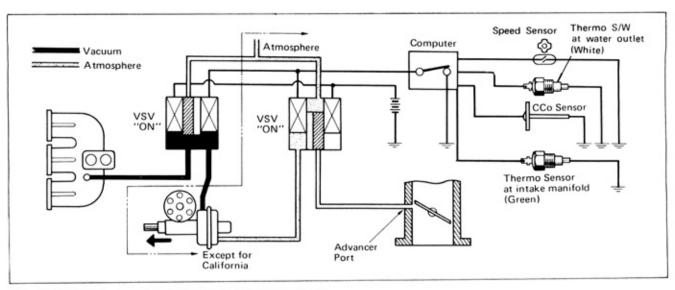


Fig. 6-6 TCS System Operation ("ON" Condition)

["OFF" condition]

- O If any one of the above three conditions is in the "OFF" range, the computer turns the VSV "OFF".
- Turning "OFF" the VSV causes the passage between the advance side of the distributor diaphragm and carburetor advancer port to clear, and in the engines for California, also causes the atmosphere to act on the retard side of the distributor diaphragm.
- O Thus, the system returns to normal vacuum advance condition.

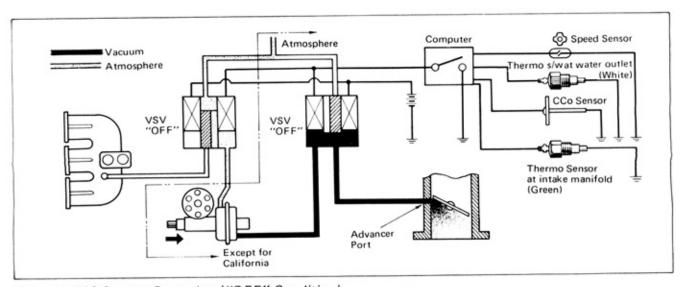


Fig. 6-7 TCS System Operation ("OFF" Condition)

4. TCS system operation (2F engine only)

["ON" condition]

- O When the vehicle speed and coolant temperature are in the "ON" range, the computer turns the VSV "ON".
- Turning "ON" the VSV causes the intake manifold vacuum to act on the retard side of the distributor diaphragm, and retard the ignition timing.

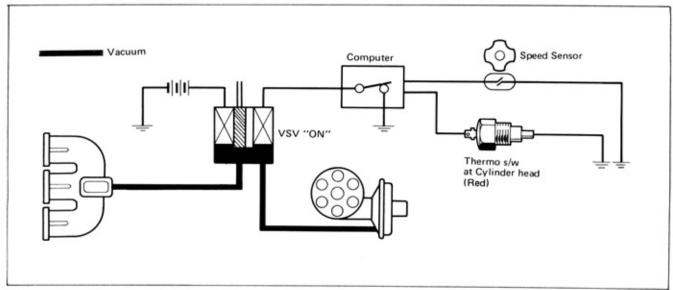


Fig. 6-8 TCS System Operation ("ON" Condition)

["OFF" condition]

- If any one of the above conditions is in the "OFF" range, the computer turns the VSV "OFF".
- Turning the VSV "OFF" causes the atmosphere to act on the retard side of the distributor diaphragm so that there will be no vacuum retard.
- The ignition timing of the 2F engine will then be controlled by governor advance alone,

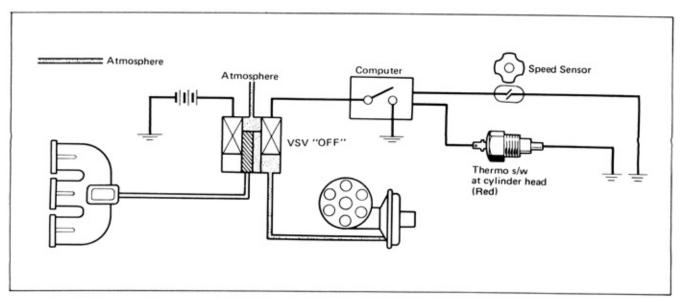


Fig. 6-9 TCS System Operation ("OFF" Condition)

Thermostatic vacuum switching valve (TVSV) operation (20R engine only)

(1) "ON" condition

At high coolant temperature, the thermo wax expands so that the valve is raised up. Thus, there will be continuity among the pipes "A", "B" and "C".

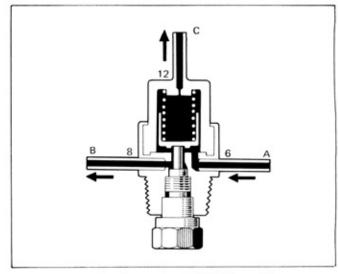


Fig. 6-10 TVSV Operation "ON" Condition

(2) "OFF" condition

When the coolant temperature drops, the thermo wax contracts and allows the spring tension to lower the valve.

Thus, there is continuity between pipes "A" and "C" only.

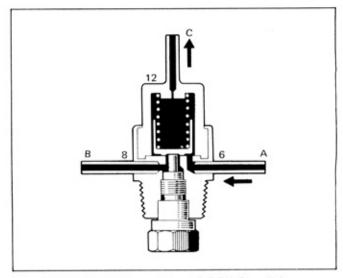


Fig. 6-11 TVSV Operation "OFF" Condition

(3) Operating temperature range. As shown in Fig. 6-12.

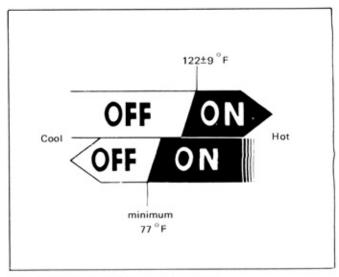
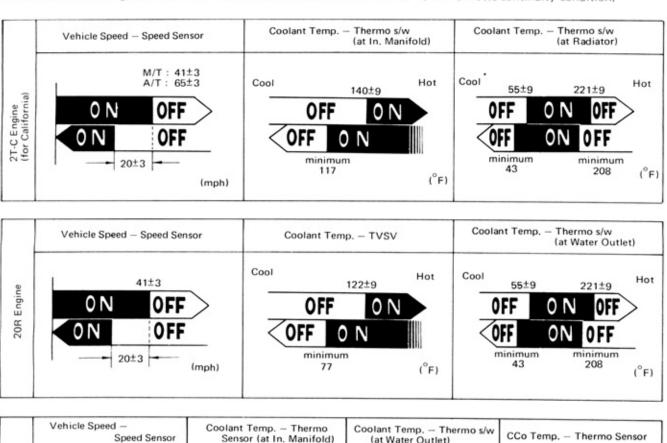


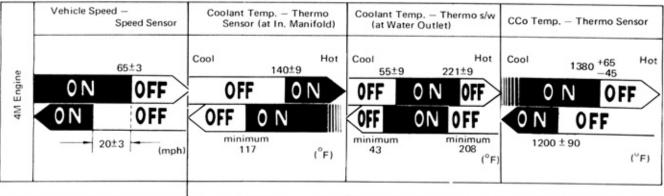
Fig. 6-12 TVSV Operating Range

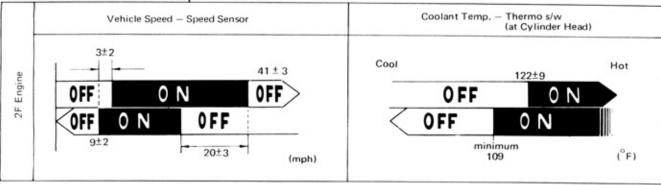
6. TCS system operating ranges

TCS system "ON" – When all following conditions are "ON"
TCS system "OFF" – When any one of following conditions is "OFF"

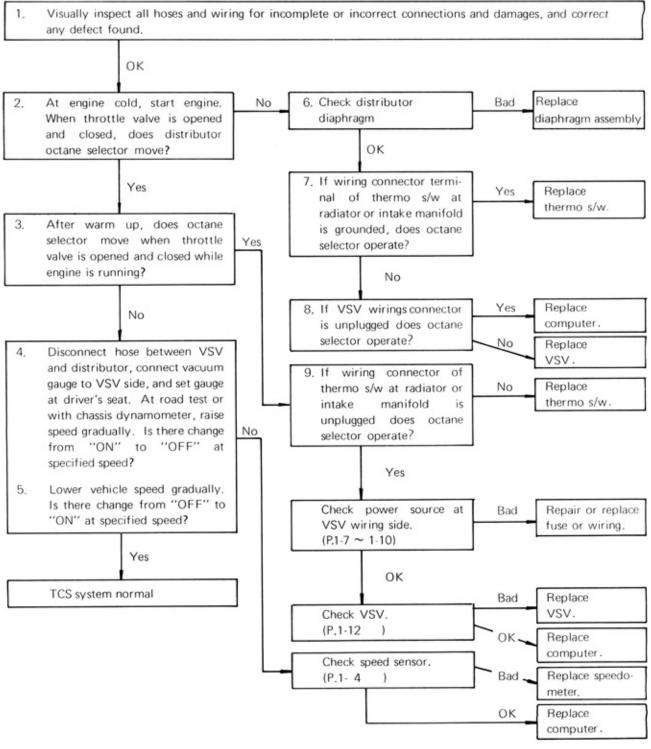
Note: In the following, thermo switch "ON" denotes cut out condition and "OFF" denotes continuity condition.







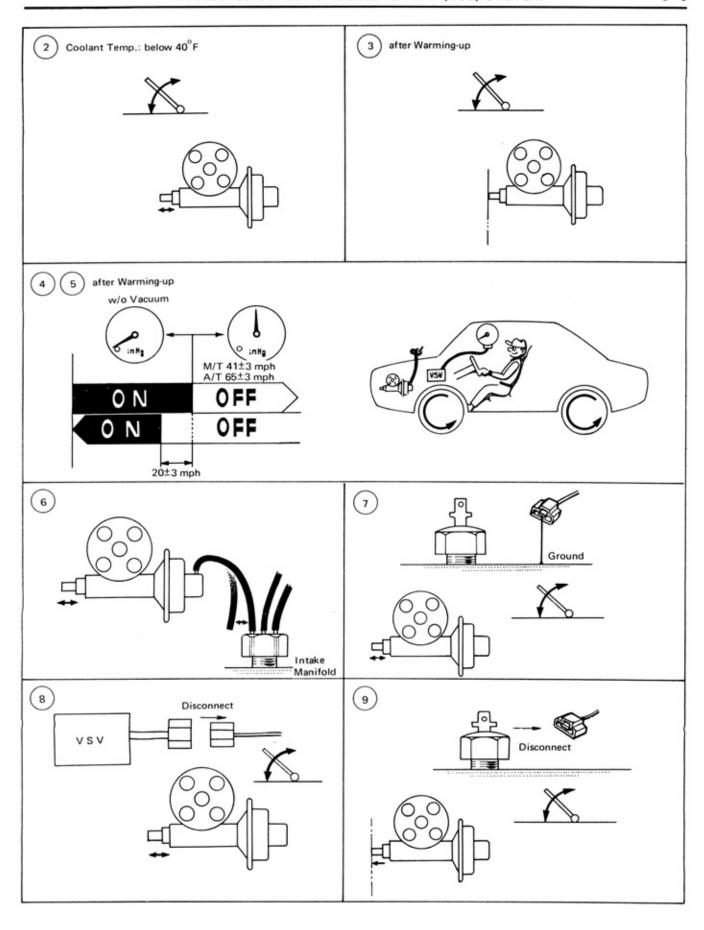
TCS SYSTEM INSPECTION PROCEDURE (2T-C Engine for California)



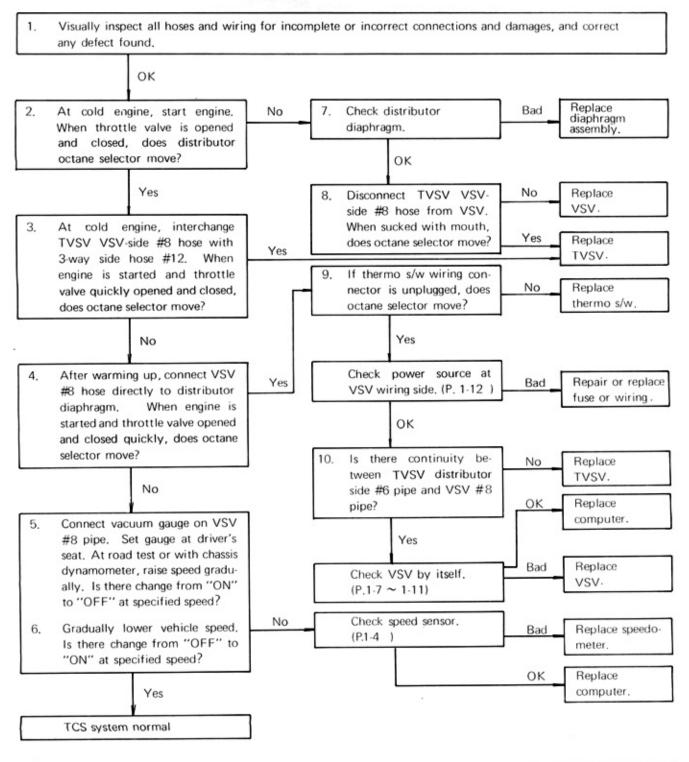
Note -

Test 2 cannot be performed if the coolant temperature does not drop below 40°F even if the vehicle is left out in the shade for more than one hour. In such case, perform test 2 by grounding the thermo switch connector terminal and forcibly assuming cold condition.

Unit test of the thermo switch will be required later (P. 1-6).



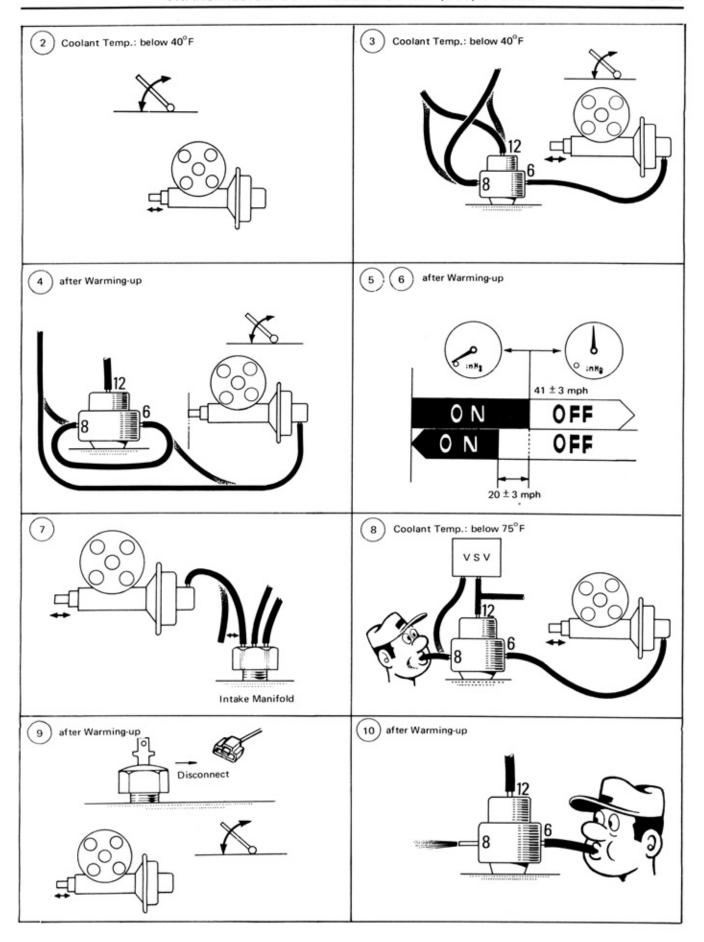
TCS SYSTEM INSPECTION PROCEDURE (20R Engine)



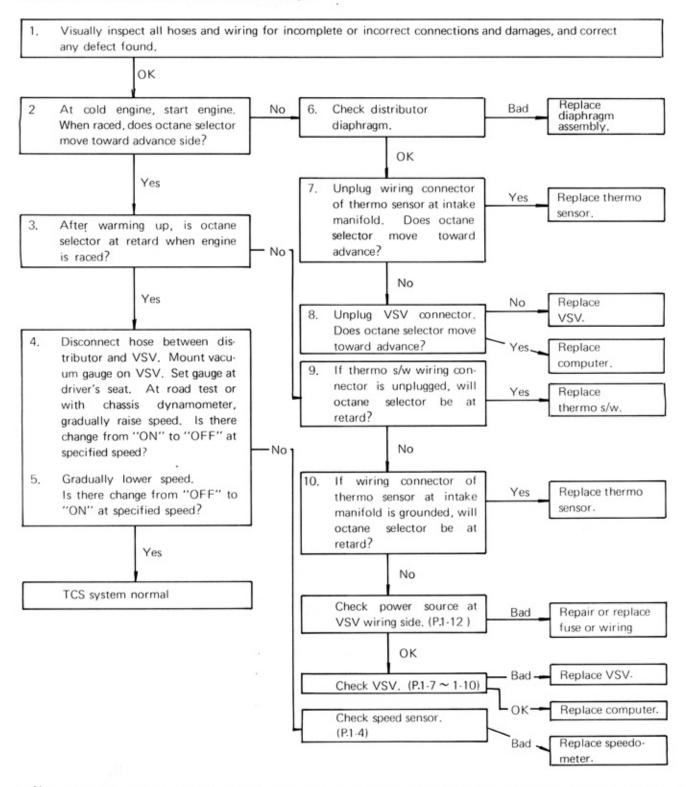
Note -

Test 2 cannot be performed if the coolant temperature does not drop below 40°F even if the vehicle is left out in the shade for more than one hour. In such case, perform test 2 by grounding the thermo switch connector terminal and forcibly assuming cold condition.

Unit test of the thermo switch will be required later (P. 1-6).



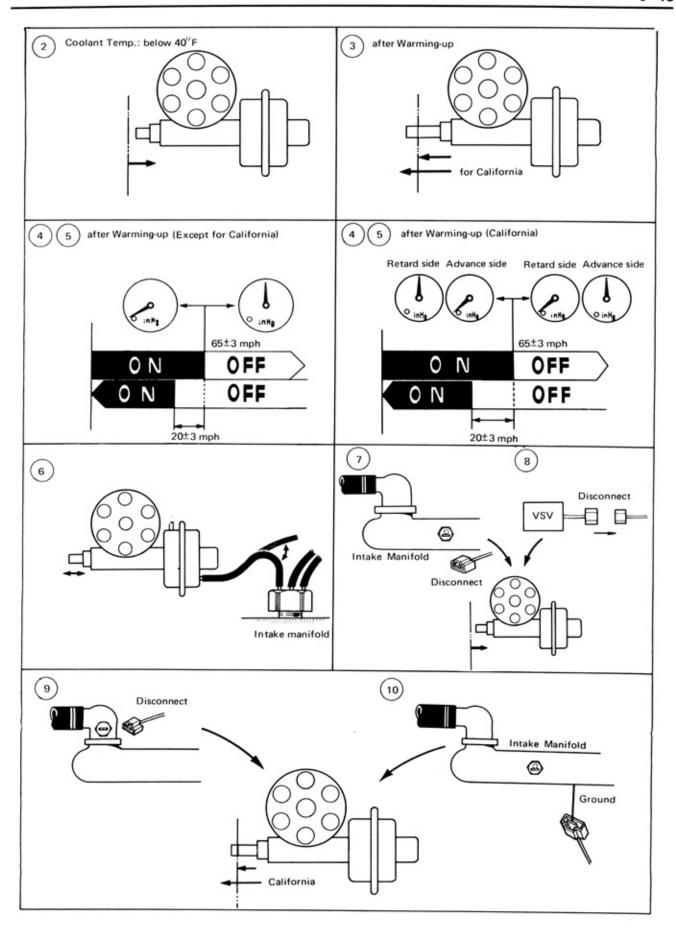
TCS SYSTEM INSPECTION PROCEDURE (4M engine)



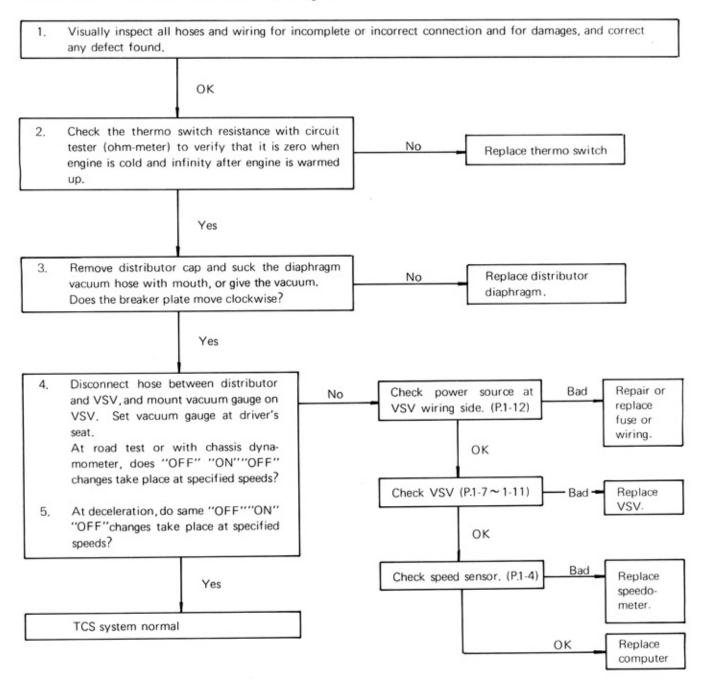
Note

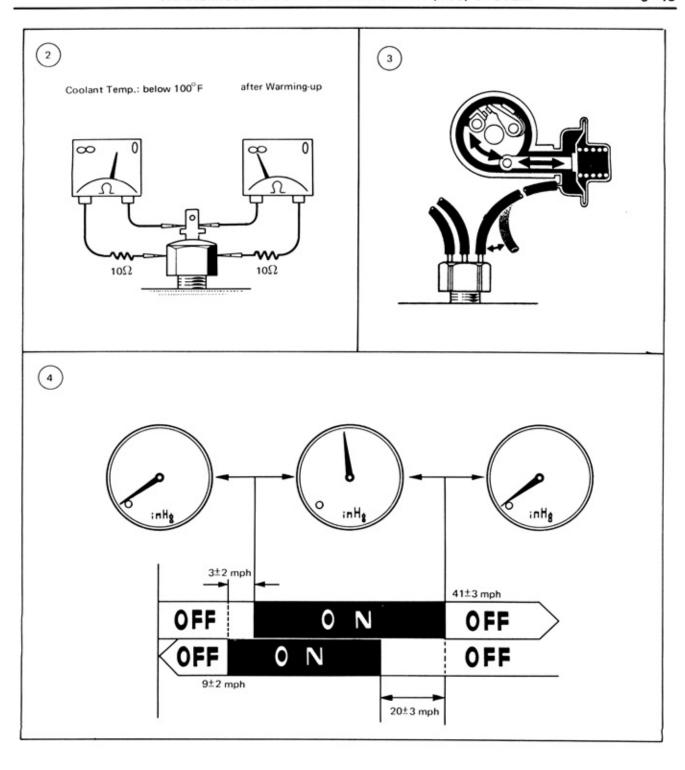
In case the "EXH, TEMP" warning light should turn on, or inspection and replacement in 2 and 3 above do not correct the trouble, check the catalytic converter thermo sensor. (Refer to P. 1-5)

Test 2 cannot be performed if the coolant temperature does not drop below 40°F even if the vehicle is left out in the shade for more than one hour. In such case, perform test 2 by grounding the thermo switch connector terminal and forcibly assuming cold condition. Unit test of the thermo switch will be required later (P.1-6).

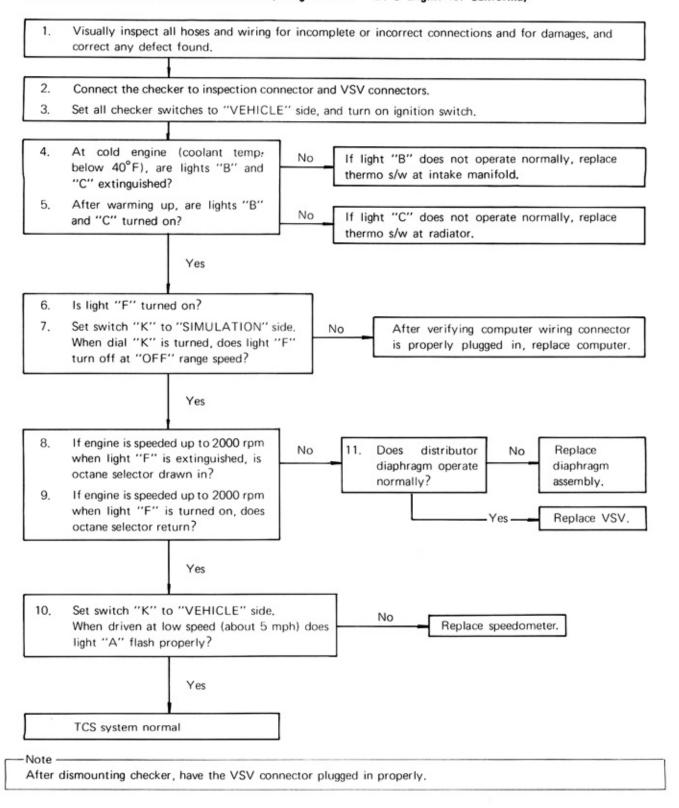


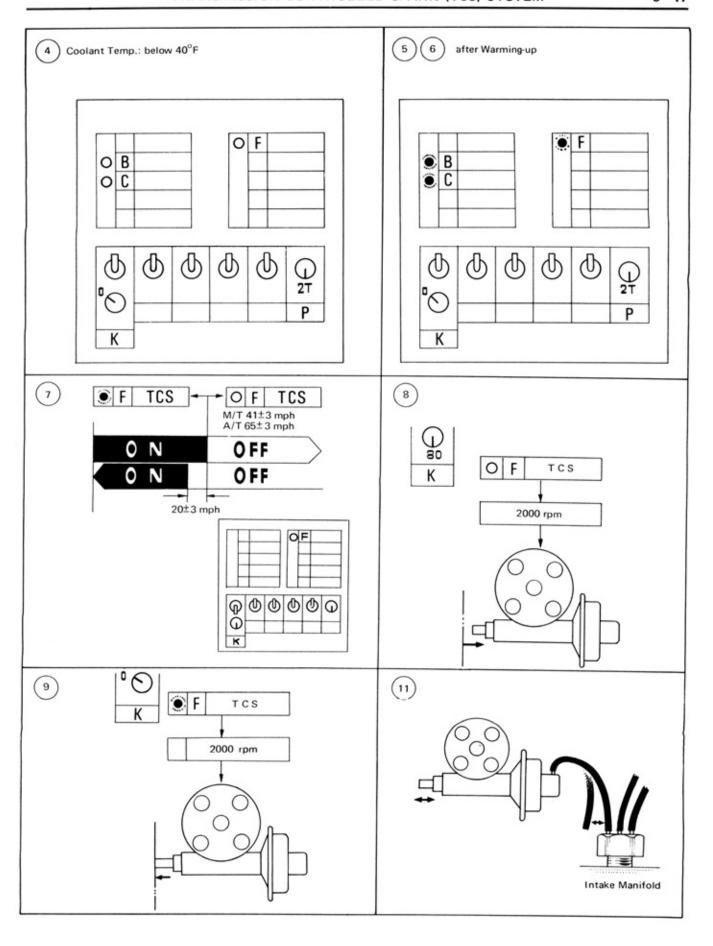
TCS SYSTEM INSPECTION PROCEDURE (2F Engine)



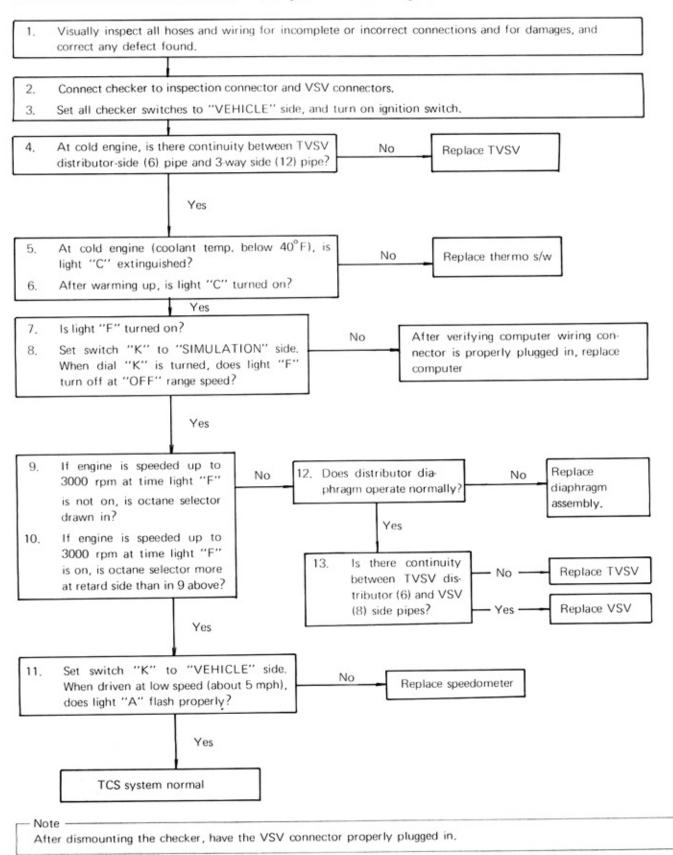


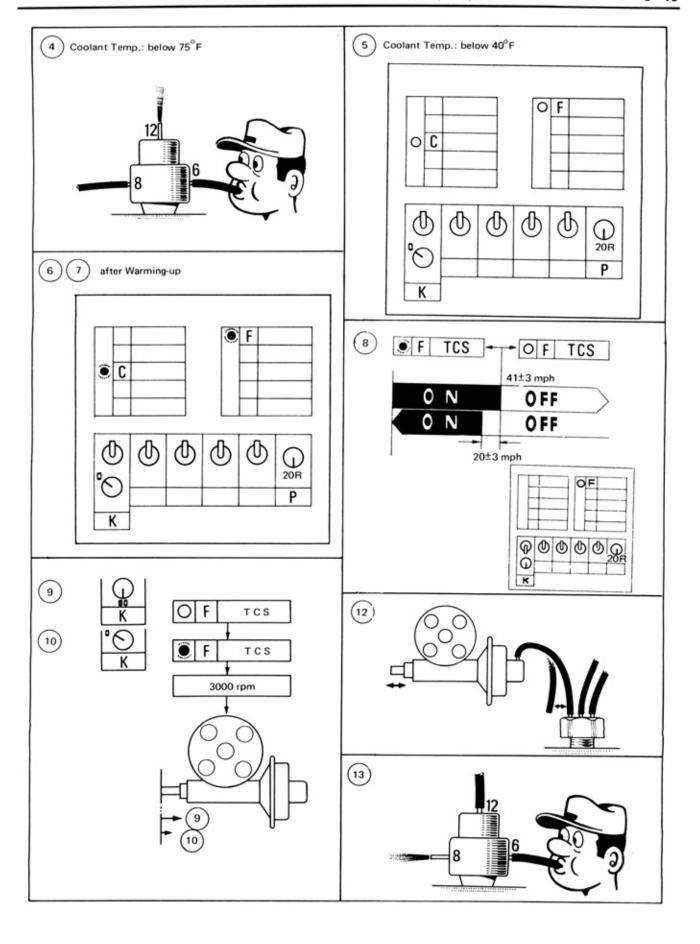
TCS SYSTEM INSPECTION PROCEDURE (Using Checker - 2T-C Engine for California)



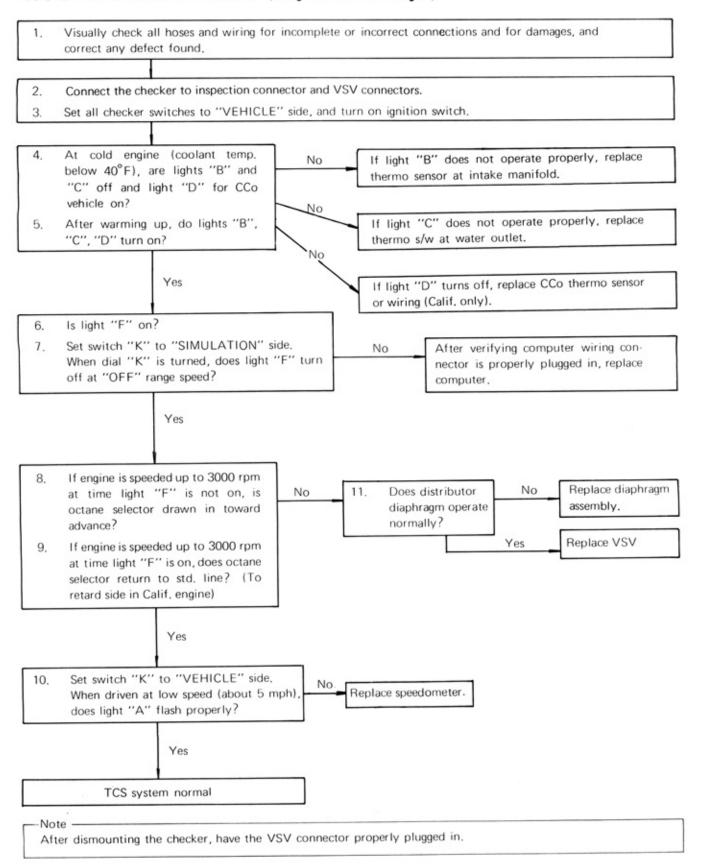


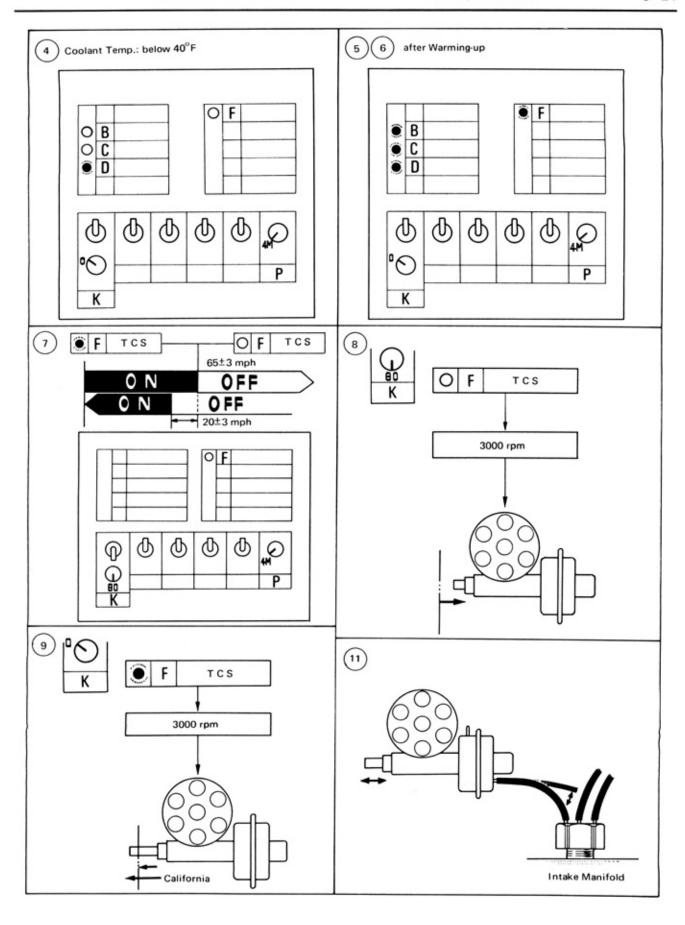
TCS SYSTEM INSPECTION PROCEDURE (Using Checker - 20R Engine)



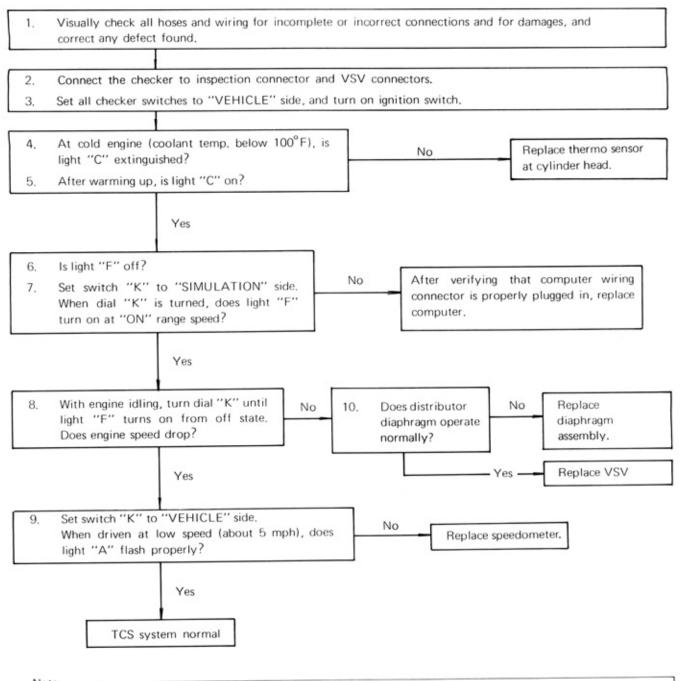


TCS SYSTEM INSPECTION PROCEDURE (Using Checker - 4M Engine)





TCS SYSTEM INSPECTION PROCEDURE (Using Checker - 2F Engine)



Note — After dismounting the checker, have the VSV connector properly plugged in.

